Chapter 24 EQs

- 1. What was the impact of the transcontinental rail system on the American economy and society in the late nineteenth century?
- 2. How did the huge industrial trusts develop in industries such as steel and oil, and what was their effect on the economy?
- 3. What early efforts were made to control the new corporate industrial giants, and how effective were these efforts?
- 4. What was the effect of the new industrial revolution on American laborers, and how did various labor organizations attempt to respond to the new conditions?
- 5. Compare the impact of the new industrialization on the North and the South. Why was the "New South" more a slogan than a reality?
- 6. William Graham Sumner argued that the wealth and luxury enjoyed by millionaires was justifiable as a "good bargain for society" and that "natural law" should prevent the wealthy classes from aiding the working classes and poor/ Why were such views so popular during the Gilded Age? What criticisms of such views might be offered?
- 7. The text states "no single group was more profoundly affected by the new industrial age than women." Why was women's role in society so greatly affected by these economic changes?
- 8. In what ways did industrialization bring a revolution in cultural views of labor, opportunity, and even time?
- 9. How did the industrial transformation after the Civil War compare with the earlier phase of American economic development? Why were the economic developments of 1865-1900 often seen as a threat to American democracy, whereas those of 1815-1860 were not?
- 10. What strains did the new industrialization bring to the American ideals of democracy and equality? Was the growth of huge corporations and great fortunes a successful realization of American principles or a threat to them?